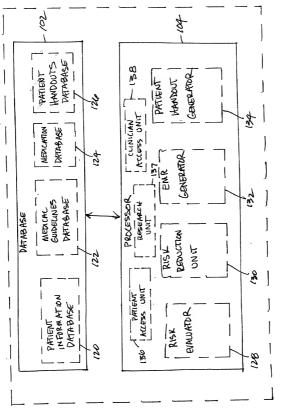
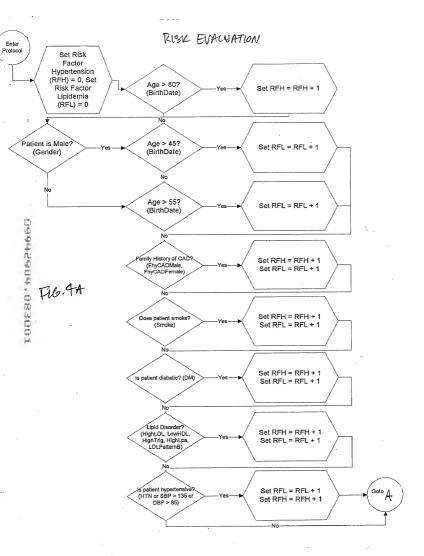
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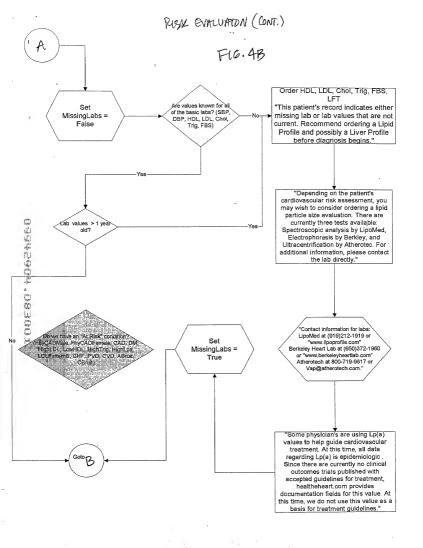


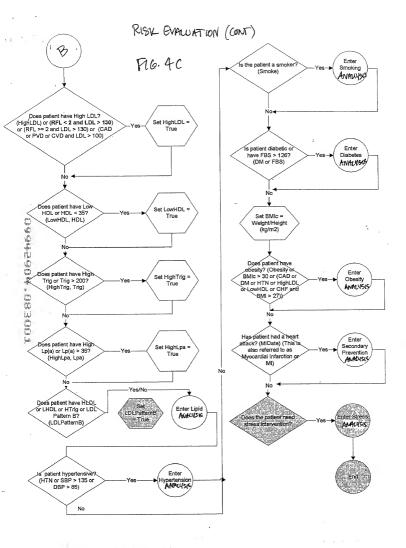
F16.2

	PRELIMINARY RISK SCREENING	
1	arphi denotes required field	
	Last Name	
1	First Name	
١	Middle Initial	129
	DOB (HM/DD/YYYY) /	10,
	Gender Main 8 0	
	Phone Number	
	Address	
1	Address	
l	City	
l	State Florida (FL)	
l	240	
	Country USA	
	E-Hall	
l	Primary Care Physician	
	Total Chalesterol (mg/dL)	
l	HDL (mg/dL)	
	LDL (mg/dL)	
	Are You a Smoker? Yes C No ®	
	Are You Diabetic? Yes C No G	
	BP (mm/Hg) Systolic O Diastolic O	
	Treated for High BP? Yes C No G	
	Height (inches)	
	Weight (Ib.)	
	Analyzo Back	
L		

FIG. 3







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Calculated for:	Gerard	Gerard McGann				
Age: 47	Sex: Male	Male	-	Date:	August 15, 0000	
			•			
Primary Care MD:						

Based on your personal health indicators, your physician has computed your risk levels for heart attack based on the latest information from the Journal of the American Medical Association provided by the healtheheart computerized assessment service.

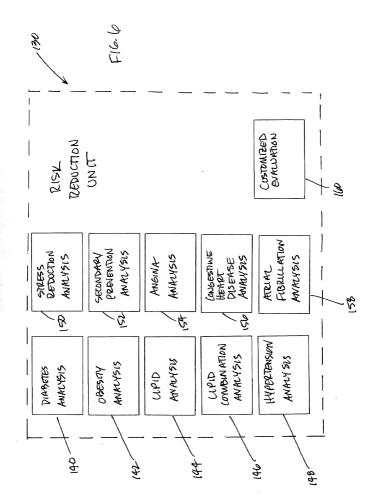
10 Year Company Heart Disease Risk Assesment

	Risk Points
!	es .
Total Cholesterol, mg/dL	φ
HDL Cholesterol, mg/dL (Protective Cholesterol)	2
Systolic Blood Pressure, mm Hg	5
Smoking	ъ
Total Risk Points	18
Percent of Risk for Heart Attack (Over the next 10 years)	30%

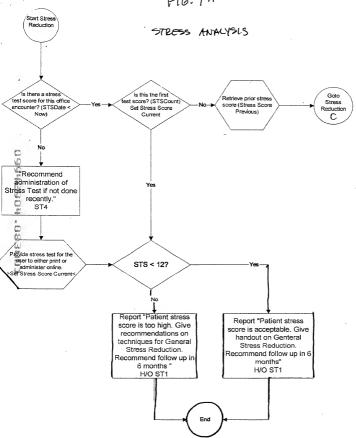
Reduction of risk points by two additional points would reduce your 10 year risk of heart attack to 25%The BMI of the patient is 41.20

က Risk Goal:

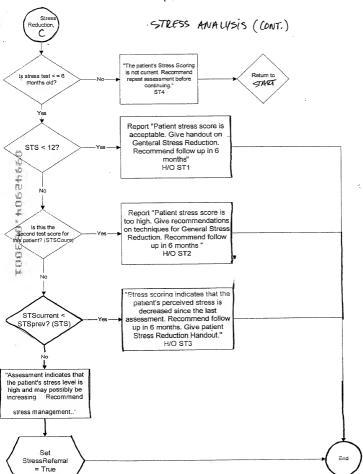
F16.5







F16. 7B



Doc John		I Salar Salar Salar Salar		
Male, White/Caucasion		11960	SSN: 234-23-1640 First Visit: 06/26/2001	
> VASCULAR HISTORY				
• None				Ε
> PATIENT RISK FACTORS				
 High LDL Low HDL 	Smoker	 Hypertension Obesity 	oesity	T0.84
> ADDITIONAL MEDICAL HISTORY	HISTORY			
None				
> NATIONAL GUIDELINE RECOMMENDATIONS			***************************************	
 The record indicate "borderline-high risk' For these patients 	The record indicates that the patient has multiple conditions placing them at the development of, or increase in additional management of the patient of the batter o	tiple condition or increase in,	s placing them at cardiovascular disease.	12/
an LDL-cholesterol go	an LDL-cholesterol goal of less than 130 mg/dL.			
·~			~	
modifications and foll	modifications and follow up office visit in 4-6 weeks.	eeks.	•	
> PHYSICIAN INFORMAT	NOI		,	
 Secondary Causes of Hyperlipidemia Secondary Causes of Obesity 	of Hyperlipidemia of Obesity		-	
> PHARMOCOTHERAPY RECOMMENDATIONS	RECOMMENDATIONS	***************************************	***************************************	
• The LDL-cholestero	The LDL-cholesterol is above goal but not high enough to meet the NCEP criteria for	n enough to m	eet the NCEP criteria for	
pnarmacologic therapy. Recommend initiation exercise, and lifestyle m Repeat lipid profile ter	pnarmacologic tretapy. • Recommend initiation of dietary measures to reduce LDL-cholesterol, regular stercise, and lifestyle modification to help reduce cardiovascular risk. • Repeat lipid profile testing in 4-6 weeks.	reduce LDL-cl ce cardiovascı	iolesterol, regular ilar risk.	
> DRUGS INITIATED	***************************************		***************************************	
None at this time			***************************************	
> DRUGS PRIOR TO VISIT	L		***************************************	4
GenericName	BrandName	Dosag	DosageSchedule	
	Ativan Prilosec	0.5mg/prn 20mg/phs	/prn	
			\	

tooran robarton > FOLLOWUP RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommend patient increase HDL-cholesterol through initiation of dietary measures,

 Follow up lipid profile recommended in 6 months unless other lipid risks warrant routine exercise, and lifestyle modification.

The record indicates that the patient is considered clinically obese and not currently Recommend patient education regarding diet, exercise, and lifestyle modification on a treatment plan. esting sooner.

DO: 8B

before beginning prescription therapy. · Follow up office visit in 1 month.

Advise patient that should seriously consider quitting smoking.

Give follow up calls in one week and three weeks to patient's home

> PATIENT RECOMMENDATIONS

 Your physician has determined that you need medications to help manage your blood pressure. Take these medicines exactly as prescribed and continue lifestyle and diet modifications to optimize your medication routine.

 Recommend follow up office visit in 4-6 weeks and maintaining a blood pressure diary for your physician to review.

> PATIENT HANDOUTS

- Introduction to Cholesterol and Triglycerides
 - Low High Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol Reducing Cholesterol Through Diet
 - Increasing HDL
- Low High Density Lipoprotein With no Drug Therapy Required
 - You Can Stop Smoking Obesity

Print for Patient